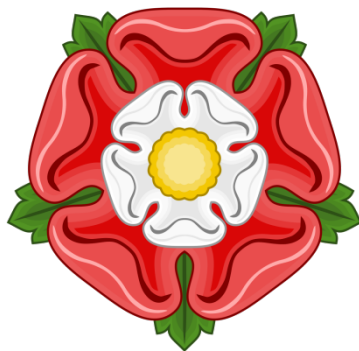


Caroline Haslett Primary School – History

Topic: Tudors	Year 6	Monarchy
<p>Knowledge</p> <p>There were six Tudor monarchs who ruled England from 1485 to 1603. Tudor England had 2 of the strongest monarchs ever to sit on the English throne: Henry VIII & his daughter Elizabeth I. The Tudor rose was created when Henry VII brought an end to the Wars of the Roses. He joined the White Rose of York with the Red Rose of Lancaster to create the Tudor Rose. Religion was very important in Tudor times. Everyone had to go to church. If you didn't attend the same church as the monarch you might get arrested, thrown into the Tower of London, or even executed. Henry VIII broke away from the Catholic church and created the Protestant Church of England so that he could divorce his first wife. He went on to have six wives, beheading two of them.</p>	<p>Vocabulary</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Beheading – a punishment which resulted in your head being chopped off with an axe. • Divorce – the legal end of a marriage. • Execution – being put to death. • Gallows – a wooden structure where people were hung by a piece of rope around their neck. • Heir – the person next in line to throne who will take over when the current King or Queen dies. • Monarch – a leader of a country, e.g. a King or Queen. • Pope – the head of the Roman Catholic Church. • Reformation – the act of changing (reforming) something. In this case the reformation of the church to remove the Pope's control. • Reign – the period of time that a monarch rules. Church of England – Henry VIII created the Church of England so that he could divorce his first wife. The catholic church did not permit divorce • Stocks – a block of wood with two holes for your hands and a hole for your head to go in. Local people threw rubbish and rotten food at the people in the stocks. • Treason – to betray your country or monarch. 	

Useful Images



The Six Wives of Henry VIII

